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VOL. CXXXII. NO. 161. BOSTON, SUNDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1912—SIXTY-EIGHT PAGES. FIVE CENTS.

PETITIONS FILED TO TAKE G. T. NEW LINE

Rhode Island Capital Said to Be Ready to Complete Southern Branch.

ASK CONTROL IN BAY STATE

Abolition of Boston Holding Company to Come Before Legislature.

CONGRESS PROBE TUESDAY

Federal Grand Jury in New York Wants Testimony of 150 New Englanders.

Coincident with the filing of the Lewis-Welsh petition at the State House yesterday, asking for the formation of a Massachusetts corporation to acquire the property of the Southern New England railroad in this state and complete its construction, it was made known that as soon as the Rhode Island Legislature convenes, similar action will be taken looking to the assumption of the road's property in that state.

The credit of the state of Rhode Island, it was announced, will, if necessary, be placed behind the project to finish the line from Palmer to Providence, and it is already known that solid business and financial men are back of the plan to nullify the New Haven-Grand Trunk agreement and re-establish the hope of competition that has been dispelled in the past few weeks.

The first petition, which is signed by Charles E. Lewis, secretary of the Massachusetts Real Estate Exchange, and Willard Welsh, a prominent business man, asks for the formation of a corporation consisting of Gov. Aram J. Pothier of Rhode Island, Mayor Henry Fletcher of Providence, Herbert A. Rice, attorney-general of Rhode Island, and Henry A. Barker, a Providence business man.

By right of eminent domain or by purchase, this company would acquire all the property of the Southern New England road in Massachusetts, including franchise and rights. The petition asks for an extension of time in which to complete the work and the right to enter upon the tracks of the New London Northern railroad either at Palmer or Monson, there making a connection with the Boston & Maine.

The petition declares that it is believed the Grand Trunk has permanently abandoned work on the Southern New England, and recites that by reason of delay, litigation and a decided deterioration of the property may result.

The bill suggests that the new name of the road be the Rhode Island and Southern Massachusetts Railroad Company, but complete willingness is expressed to assume any other name that seems better justified.

Aim at Holding Company.

It is the general belief that the success of this petition, and of the road after it had been completed with local capital or through the credit of the state in either Massachusetts or Rhode Island, will depend upon the success of the Codman bill to acquire the Boston Holding Company the corporation by which the control of the Boston & Maine by the New Haven has been sanctioned by the state of Massachusetts.

The second petition to be filed at the State House was signed by Granville S. MacFarland and Frederick T. Fuller of Boston. It calls for legislation to end the control of the Boston & Maine by the New Haven, and provides that the former road be operated with a representative on its board appointed by the Governors of Maine, New Hampshire and Massachusetts.

Willard Welsh, one of the two signers of the petition to form the Massachusetts company composed of Rhode

(Continued on Page Two, Column 6.)

THE WEATHER

Fair

FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY—Fair today and tomorrow; colder tonight and tomorrow; moderate to brisk west to north winds.

FOR NORTHERN NEW ENGLAND—Snow flurries today; tomorrow fair and colder; moderate south and southwest winds.

FOR SOUTHERN NEW ENGLAND—Cloudy today; tomorrow fair and colder; moderate south winds.

Observations in Boston.

Mean barometer	30.0
Mean temperature	40.0
Mean dew point	28.0
Mean relative humidity	60.0
Maximum temperature	44.0
Minimum temperature	37.0
Maximum wind (N.)	30.0

Summary of Conditions.

The temperature has fallen generally throughout the Atlantic states.

There will be unsettled weather in the north Atlantic states today, followed by fair weather tomorrow.

Much colder weather will overspread the Atlantic states tomorrow.

The winds along the New England and middle Atlantic coast will be moderate south and southwest, shifting to northwest tonight.

Maximum Temperatures.

For 24 hours, ending at 8 P. M.

Albany	40	Montreal	22
Atlantic City	48	Nantucket	46
Bismarck	46	New Orleans	64
Buffalo	36	New York	44
Charleston	72	Philadelphia	46
Chicago	40	Pittsburgh	36
Denver	40	Portland, Me	38
Des Moines	42	Portland, Or	48
Eastport	34	San Francisco	62
Galveston	56	San Diego	60
Hatteras	64	St Louis	48
Helena	42	St Paul	40
Jacksonville	78	Washington	46
Kansas City	50		

Auto lamps must be lighted at 4:42 P. M.

ALMANAC.....DECEMBER 8

STANDARD TIME

Sun Rises..... 7:01 Length of Day.... 9.11
Sun Sets..... 4:12 Moon.....Sets
High Water..... 10:40 AM 11:26 PM
Height of Tide..... 10 ft 8in AM 8ft 8in PM
New Moon, Dec 8..... 9h 7m, evening, W
Moon's 1st qr, Dec 16.... 2h 9m, evening, E
Full Moon, Dec 23..... 11h 20m, evening, E
Moon's last qr, Dec 30.... 3h 12m, evening, W

HOLMES AND HIS NEW ENGLAND FARM

By THE MAN WHO OWNS IT.

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"Staying awake in order to be the first to reach the farm he might desire to buy."

CHAPTER I.

The "Forward to the Land" Stampede.

A faithful account of how this narrative came to be written and published in this newspaper. Explaining the purpose in the author's mind and his warning to the innocent who are tempted by the lure in the call of "Back to the Land."

"For three years I have owned a worn-out, run-down New England farm." I fired this sentence point blank at the editor, without taking much aim, but with the hope——.

"Why?" replied the editor, in a tone that implied that mine was no sane remark.

"Well, you see, I want you to print my actual, real experiences in buying and farming 80 acres of New England scenery."

"Are you a farmer?" said he.

"No," said I.

"Well, why did you buy a New England farm?"

It's no use saying who said this.

"That's just it," said I. "I am not a farmer. I dreamed I was a real farmer. I woke up with a real farm on my hands. And I want to tell you all about it. It's some nightmare, believe me. It is time that some one who has been through the mill tells the absolute, cold-blooded truth about this militant, on paper, 'Back to the Land' stampede. Now I've been stampeded, and I know."

"What do you know?" asked he.

"One thing, certainly. All of us literary, on paper 'Back to the Land' farmers, myself included, who compose this back-going movement, should submit ourselves to some recognized psychopathic ward for observation. For I have had this virulent farm-owning fever coursing, like fire, through my veins for years and years; and in all its delusive phases. Chicken fever, celeritis, mush-roomicide, etc., have found their natural happy hunting ground in my imagination.

"Now, for instance, Mr. Editor," said I. "Have even you ever run across any get-rich-scheme that ever approached the expectation of one just embarking in the chicken business? A real-dyed-in-the-feather literary chicken farmer—with only the wood in his pencil for his chicken houses, and a sheet of white paper for his farm, can before your eyes run a shoestring into a fortune—so suddenly that in 10 minutes' time he'll have you running around in circles, looking for a desirable suburban chicken farm. This is the real secret of the business."

"Just what is it you want to do," said the editor.

"I want to tell all pencil and paper city farmers to go slow in burning all their city bridges behind them. I don't want them to pass their dream farm through the dead line of common sense actual experience, and then wake up in the bread line."

"But you said that you wanted to tell your actual experience of buying and running a New England farm."

"I do."

"Well, tell the things that actually happened to you. Your buying the

(Continued on Page Ten, Column 1.)

GRIDIRON CLUB HAS BATTLE OF ARMAGEDDON

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7—The landslide of 1912, how it happened, and the futility of an attempt to reorganize the "G. O. P." on the old lines were the themes upon which played wit and humor of the Gridiron Club at the annual fall dinner tonight. Events of political importance and actions upon which turned national issues were treated in a spirit of levity and fun. Underlying each jest and quip and skit were touches of human sympathy and kindliness for the victims of the November avalanche, as well as some bits of homely advice and warning for the victors that kept everybody in good humor.

Not even his late political enemies failed to welcome the pathetic tribute to President Taft in the song rendered by the Gridiron quartet appealing to him "not to forget us when you go away." The President sat and listened with the members of his Cabinet scattered about the banquet hall.

Unlike other clubs the Gridiron Club initiates its members in public, and this time it acquired two worthy young journalists in novel fashion. Hobbling into the hall on crutches, bandaged, hats knocked in, and clothes dishevelled, came caricatures of President Taft, "Uncle Joe" Cannon, "Nick" Longworth, Murray Crane and Representatives Sulloway, McKinley and Dalzell—"some of the landslides" who declared their purpose to reorganize the Republican party rallying around the states of Utah and Vermont. The messengers from these states each an-

(Continued on Page Three, Column 6.)

FIRE THROWS HALF OF PARIS INTO A PANIC

[Special Cable to The Herald.]

PARIS, Dec. 7—Fire seriously damaged the St. Denis Electric Light & Power station this evening, plunging Paris half into darkness and causing various inconveniences to hundreds of thousands of Parisians. The fire started shortly before 6 o'clock and soon spread to alarming proportions despite the efforts of an army of firemen who hurried to the scene on motor engines.

At 6:15 o'clock the underground railway service came to an abrupt standstill, while the lights in the trains and also in the tunnels and stations began to grow dimmer every second. At this time every train was packed. Passengers were asked to leave the trains where they had drawnup at the stations. This was an easy matter, but as in many instances the trains had pulled up in the tunnel it was necessary for the passengers to jump out out the side of the tracks and walk many hundreds of yards along the line.

At the Teeming Opera station, in the heart of the city, there was great difficulty in marshaling the frightened passengers to safety.

Meantime the grand boulevards were half in darkness, and some curious effects were noticed. For instance, while the Avenue De L'Opera, which depends for its supply on an electric station not affected by the fire, was brilliantly lighted, the Place De L'Opera was almost in darkness.

The fire was caused by a short circuit in the feeder cable which transmits to the switchboard the enormous force of 12,000 volts. A number of switchboards were destroyed by 8 o'clock. The fire was put out in two hours.

Subway service was resumed late at night.

SHILOH HEARS SANDFORD IS TO BE FREED

"Elijah" Sends News from Prison That President Will Pardon Him.

ELIM COLONY GIVES THANKS

Exultation at Hope Leader Will Be with the Faithful at Christmas.

RUMORS OF DEFECTIONS

New Pilgrimage Planned and "Navy" Is Being Made Ready for Southern Cruise.

After a year of fervent prayer that the prison bars would be removed for their leader to walk forth free again, believers and followers of the Holy Ghost and Us Society, from their main colony in Shiloh, Me., to their Boston branch in the South end, were joyful last night in the belief that their prayers had been answered and that "Elijah" Sandford, their founder, leader and prophet, was to be pardoned by President Taft.

"Elijah" Sandford himself is authority for the news which caused a wave of joy and thanksgiving to sweep through his followers. From the federal prison at Atlanta, Ga., where he is serving a 10-year sentence on charges of manslaughter arising out of a voyage which he and hundreds of followers took two years ago to the Holy Land, he has written that he is to be pardoned by the President and that he confidently expects to be with those of his faith at Christmas.

Renewed Prayer at Elim.

At "Elim," the Boston headquarters of the sect on Massachusetts avenue, there were renewed prayers last night. Through the supplications, however, ran a note of thanksgiving, and on the faces of the followers who gathered there was an expression of exultation.

From his prison cell Sandford maintained his leadership, Elder Charles E. Holland acting as his representative in directing the sect. But reports have come that without his magnetic presence there have been defections from the ranks, and so prayers have redoubled for his freedom that the sect might regain its vigor.

Sandford is reported to have proved a model prisoner. He developed a new side last summer, becoming a baseball enthusiast, according to dispatches from Atlanta, and in addition to that entertained the other prisoners by his playing of hymns on the harp. The instrument is said to be the one which he used at Shiloh in happier days. It is now used to fill out the prison orchestra.

Plans for a new pilgrimage by the Holy Ghost and Us followers are being made in view of the possible release of Sandford. A yacht is being fitted out in New Jersey, and preparations have been made for laying in a large stock of provisions, sufficient for a cruise of several months.

Instructions have come from the prison, according to reports among the Shilohites, that as soon as the leader gets his release, if it comes, the little navy of the colony will put to sea with Sandford and a chosen band on a long winter trip through the pleasant waters of the West Indies.

The Coronet will be one of the fleet, the Barracouta another, and the bark Kingdom a third vessel. All three are well-known in Boston harbor. But all this is held up until definite news comes as to whether or not the pardon will be granted, and mean time, with confidence in the result, the Shilohites are praying with renewed zeal.

MANY POISONED BY ARSENIC IN WALL PAPER

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, Dec. 7—The numerous mysterious poisonings of members of Parliament and state officers at widely distant points are now explained as being due to the arsenic which the wallpaper in the government buildings liberates under the influence of winter heating.

THIS ISSUE OF The Sunday Herald CONSISTS OF

1—First News Section
2—Second News and Want Section
3—Sporting Section
4—Editorial, Society and Dramatic Section
5—Pictorial Section

Page.
1—Striking Photographs from the Seat of the Balkan War Taken on the Firing Line.
2—Army Officers Rewarded for Bravery.
Chinese Republic Celebrates First Anniversary of Independence.
Cecil Rhodes Monument Dedicated at Capetown, South Africa.
Shakespeare Memorial Unveiled at Southwark, London.
3—Wilson and His Family in Bermuda.
Striking Pictures of the Harvard-Yale Game.
4—Latest Parisian Designs and Gowns.
6—Special Feature Section

Page.
1—Whose Statue Should Adorn Copley Square?
2—Herald Man Takes Mail Sack's Trip Through New Subway.
Cigarette Order to Boston Merchant Is Cablegrammed Telling Fate of Adrianople.
Massachusetts Finds "Protective Tariff on Door Is Costly."
3—Transit of Flight in Aeroplane in 30 Hours Planned by Grahame-White.
Abe Martin Tells Humorous Side of College Education.
4—Mrs. Tweedie, English Writer, Finds Boston Exerts Elevating Influence on Whole United States.
Scope of New Economy and Efficiency Commission, Explained by Chairman Norman White.
5—Anniversary of Dorothy Arnold's Disappearance Brings to Light Remarkable Similar Vanishment.
Louise of Saxony Again Startles Europe With Memoirs.
6—Helen Keller's Schoolmate, Also Deaf, Learning to Speak in Boston.
Study of Judge Quinn Who Presided at Ettor Trial.
7—Junior Page.
8—Boston Has Modern Babel in West End Tenement House.
7—Sunday Magazine

The Sunday Herald Magazine carries 20 pages of choice fiction by leading writers of the day.

Head of Holy Ghost and Us Society

REV. FRANK W. SANDFORD.

From the Federal Prison at Atlanta Word Has Come That the Confined Leader Expects a Pardon from President Taft and Renewed Prayers Are Being Offered for the Prisoner's Freedom.

INDICTMENT OF 10 MORE BOOK MEN EXPECTED

Boston Federal Grand Jury Will Get Letters—Mrs. John L. Gardner Laughed De Luxe Agents Away.

The indictment of at least 10 more men in the "de luxe" book transactions is predicted within a few days.

Just as soon as letters which are now in the hands of the postoffice inspectors who have been working on the big swindle in Boston and vicinity are turned over to the grand jury that federal body will report true bills against the men involved.

New Manchester Victim.

A new victim is Dr. Jane Elizabeth Hoyt-Stephens, of Manchester, N. H. She contributed between $800 and $1000 to the "de luxe" book gang in payment for a set of the works of Paul de Kock. This transaction took place more than three years ago.

Boston has been a gathering place and an abiding place for the salesmen who have victimized Bostonians and New Englanders to the tune of more than $20,000,000.

That these salesmen have been so adroit as to avoid any possibility of federal investigation for 10 years was admitted yesterday by a prominent postoffice inspector.

To prosecute these men now it is necessary that letters written, received or forwarded by them be produced in evidence. These letters are in existence it is known. As soon as they are made a matter of record the postoffice department will be enabled to indict.

Many Others Lost Money.

That Boston is the centre in the gigantic book swindle which has mulcted persons in the United States of more than $25,000,000 is indicated by the fact that Inspector Raymond Gray of the local office stated yesterday that there were 25 men included in the list of those who are charged with swindling residents of Boston and its vicinity.

Inspector Gray stated that Boston had

(Continued on Page Two, Column 1)

FORMAL PEACE PARLEY OPENS NEXT FRIDAY

Conferences of Balkan and Turkish Delegates Will Begin in London.

LONDON, Dec. 7—The prospects of a satisfactory and reasonably rapid settlement of the Balkan war and of the greater European interests hanging upon it seem brighter tonight than at any time since the allied armies took the field against Turkey.

The envoys from the Balkan kingdoms, Greece—if Greece decides to participate—and the Ottoman empire will hold the first meeting of the peace conference next Friday. At the same time the ambassadors of the great powers at London, charged with the task of protecting the interests of their countries, will meet as a sort of court of appeal to watch, advise and admonish the peace delegates.

To reach even this complicated arrangement has strained all the resources of European diplomacy. There have been times in the last month when even the consent of all the governments to a friendly gathering appeared to be an impossibility. Austria consented yesterday to join the ambassadorial conference and Germany, who stood aside awaiting the decision of her ally, announced her acquiescence today.

This will be by far the most important assembly of diplomats since the Berlin conference after the Russo-Turkish war.

Giants like Bismarck, Beaconsfield, Salisbury and Gortchakoff to be sure, will not tread the stage, but their successors who do will have an equally important work to perform.

Possibilities of Disaster.

One question charged with the possibilities of disaster is Servia's determination to have an Adriatic port, and Austria's determination that she shall not have it.

Servian official newspapers made it plain that the little kingdom has made up its mind to take instructions from the powers so far as public opinion in Servia will let it.

A second interesting struggle will take place over Turkey's endeavor to hold as much of the conquered territory as oriental diplomacy and the help of friendly powers can save for her. The best bargain the Sultan can make probably will reduce his subjects in Europe from more than 6,000,000 to less than 2,000,000, and the Turk seems to be reconciled to this.

A third important factor will be the Greek attempt to gain Salonica.

Besides, various difficult questions will

(Continued on Page Two, Column 4.)

G. O. P. MAY CUT ITS DELEGATES FROM SOUTH

Primary for Their Selection Also Planned at Conference of Governors.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7—Republican Governors from a dozen states and party leaders in Congress with whom they informally conferred today agreed that no definite steps toward a reorganization of the Republican party and a realignment of its working forces were practical within a year.

Opposition from Progressive Republicans whom it was desired to bring into the movement and apathy on the part of men who have been identified with the party's greatest activity have helped to convince the leaders in the reorganization movement that no concerted plans should be undertaken until late next year.

A conference planned by Governors Hadley of Missouri and Tener of Pennsylvania and presided over by Gov. Goldsborough of Maryland brought together here today Republican executives from states covering the entire area where the Progressive-Republican fight was most severe during the recent campaign.

The conference was called for an exchange of views, and nothing further was attempted by those back of the movement. As the result of the conference, however, it became apparent that any general plan of reorganization would embrace a reduction of representation from southern states and an adoption of primary systems for the selection of delegates to the national convention of the party.

Prior to the conference of governors, Gov. Hadley of Missouri had canvassed the Republican and Progressive forces of the Senate to ascertain the feeling toward proposed action to strengthen the party. It is understood that Progressive senators, who still maintain their alliance with the Republican party, gave little support to the proposal for re-organization, and that many regular Republicans declared emphatically that they believed it too early to attempt any concerted effort toward party rehabilitation.

Those present at the conference were Govs. Hadley, Tener and Goldsborough, Eberhart of Minnesota, Carroll of Iowa, Pennewill of Delaware, Oddie of Nevada, Vessey of South Dakota, Spry of Utah, Glasscock of West Virginia, McGovern of Wisconsin, Carey of Wy-

(Continued on Page Three, Column 4.)

PARKER HOUSE CLERK ADMITS $31,000 THEFT

George H. Rounds, Hotel's Head Bookkeeper, Took Cash to Buy Books and Play Stock Market.

DENIES BEING VICTIM OF DE LUXE AGENTS

Model Man Juggled Checks and Was Caught When He Raised One for $5 to $5000.

George H. Rounds, for more than five years the trusted head bookkeeper at the Parker House, was arrested late yesterday afternoon at the hotel for the larceny of $31,000 obtained by juggling the accounts. At police headquarters he broke down and confessed. He immediately turned over to the J. R. Whipple Company stocks worth approximately $15,000 by way of restitution, and his belongings at 15 Glenville avenue, Allston, were attached.

A passion for rare books and an insatiable desire to increase his already valuable library of unusual volumes are the motives he gives for the peculations that have extended over four years. He emphatically denies, however, having been a victim of the "de luxe" swindlers. Latterly, he says, his stealings were committed in order to speculate and, by winning, to replace the "borrowed" money.

Bank Became Suspicious.

His defelcations might have still been undiscovered, so implicitly was Rounds trusted by the Parker House officials, had it not been for the suspicions of the officers of the Fourth Atlantic National Bank, State and Kilby streets, over a check for $5000 which he had raised from $5 and cashed a week ago yesterday.

The check had originally been made payable to C. H. Casey, and had been unsuspectingly signed by Charles J. Lindsey, one of the managers of the hotel. The "C. H. Casey" he then changed to "Currency" and raised the amount 1000-fold.

The alteration was so crude, the bank officials declared, that they called the attention of the hotel managers to the check, and brought about the examination of Rounds's books, which resulted in his arrest and confession.

Yesterday afternoon the head bookkeeper was called into the office of the hotel and put through a rigid examination. Police headquarters was then notified, and Inspectors Linton and Gleavey made the arrest. Later on Rounds confessed to Chief McGarr, Capt. Armstrong and the inspectors who had arrested him.

Rounds Made Few Friends.

Rounds's arrest and confession came as a complete surprise and shock to the limited number of friends he has made in Boston since coming to this city from his home in a northern New York town. He has always led a secluded life, had few friends and less callers at his three places of abode, and apparently had no interests outside his books.

When he first came to Boston he took up his residence at Technology Chambers on Irvington street, and four years ago last summer moved to the apartments maintained by Mrs. M. A. Batchelder at 158-160 St. Botolph street.

During the four years that he lived there he was methodical to a degree. Mrs. Batchelder said last night, after partially recovering from her amazement at the news of his arrest, that he had been one of the best of the guests her roof had ever sheltered.

"Weeks would sometimes go by," she said, "without my seeing him. He always left the house very early in the morning, about 6:30, and often returned when I was out at dinner. On the first of every month he mailed me the check for his rent, drawn on the Old Colony Trust Company. Almost every evening he kept to his room, and only during the summer time did we see anything of him to speak of, when he would sit on the front steps and chat with us.

Never Showed Bad Habits.

"He had few if any callers, the only one I remember being his sister who came on from New York for a short visit. He had an immense number of books in which he seemed to take great pride, and in all the four years he was here he never gave the indication of having a single bad habit."

From the St. Botolph street house Rounds moved to an apartment at 15 Glenville avenue, Allston, just off Harvard avenue. His life here was the duplicate of that of earlier days, and his neighbors in adjoining apartments hardly knew who he was, so much did he keep to himself.

The little two room apartment, the contents of which were attached almost immediately after his arrest by deputy sheriffs for Suffolk county on behalf of the J. R. Whipple Company, were essentially masculine in appearance, lacking the feminine photographs and other indications of the man who goes much in society. With the rows of books they made an ideal "den."

How He Juggled Checks.

To the absolute confidence that was reposed in Rounds was due the ease with which he got away with the large sum he is charged with stealing. His method was the old one, that of holding back deposits supposed to be made on the first of the month, for two or three weeks, speculating with part of the money and then, after some book purchases whether he won or lost, depositing the balance and falsifying his books.

Just prior to raising the $5 check to $5000 he had been required to draw hurriedly upon his own personal account at the Old Colony Trust Company for that amount to cover a shortage at the hotels, and in so doing had overdrawn considerably. Then, to cover the overdraft, he altered the hotel check.

Rounds, who is 38, was locked up in the city prison after his confession, and will be arraigned in the municipal court tomorrow morning.

DR. ALSBERG IS NAMED TO FILL WILEY'S PLACE

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7—President Taft and Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, after months of consideration, decided upon the appointment of Dr. Carl Alsberg, a chemist in the bureau of drugs and plants, as chief of the bureau of chemistry of the department of agriculture, a position that has been vacant since the resignation last spring of Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, the famous defender of the pure food law.

Dr. Alsberg has been in the Department of Agriculture four years. He was educated in Columbia University and Strassburg University in Germany. Before coming to Washington he was in charge of the Department of Biological Chemistry at Harvard University. The President's decision to name Dr. Alsberg was made only today.

SAYS HE'S BROTHER OF GYP THE BLOOD

[Special Dispatch to The Herald.]

DETROIT, Dec. 7—Isidor Horowitz, picked up on the downtown streets for peddling cheap jewelry, admitted to Chief of Detectives Palmer that he was a brother of Harry Horowitz, alias "Gyp the Blood," now in the death house in Sing Sing awaiting execution for the killing of Gambler Herman Rosenthal on orders from Police Lieut. Charles Becker.

A letter signed "Your Mother" and found in Horowitz's possession gave the clue to his identity as it was an appeal for money and stated that the writer had spent every cent of her money in defense of "Brother."

Horowitz gave his address as Philadelphia but when asked about the letter admitted that "Gyp the Blood" is his brother.

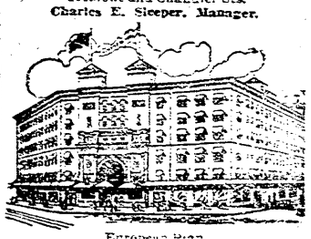
He was told to get out of town.

TAFT INVITES WILSON TO VISIT CANAL

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7—President Taft has written a letter to Gov. Wilson offering to put at his disposal one of the big battleships of the navy to make a trip of inspection to the Panama canal some time before he is inaugurated. The President has a thorough knowledge of the work of the army engineers on the isthmus himself through personal visits to the canal zone.

The letter to Mr. Wilson was made to his Bermuda address. No answer had been received at the White House tonight.

CASTLE SQUARE HOTEL
Tremont and Chandler Sts.
Charles E. Sleeper, Manager.



European Plan.
Over One Mile Frontage Outside Rooms.
The only hotel of its size in the city having a Private Bath With Every Room.
Long distance telephone in every room.
First-Class Cuisine and Service.
The original and only [illegible] hotel dining [illegible]
50 Single Suites [illegible] rooms, $1.50
100 Double Suites [illegible]
350 Double Suites [illegible]
Nothing higher. Baggage transferred free.